

412.

标题: Ultrafast transient generation of spin-density-wave order in the normal state of BaFe<sub>2</sub>As<sub>2</sub> driven by coherent lattice vibrations

作者: Kim, KW (Kim, K. W.); Pashkin, A (Pashkin, A.); Schafer, H (Schaefer, H.); Beyer, M (Beyer, M.); Porer, M (Porer, M.); Wolf, T (Wolf, T.); Bernhard, C (Bernhard, C.); Demsar, J (Demsar, J.); Huber, R (Huber, R.); Leitenstorfer, A (Leitenstorfer, A.)

来源出版物: NATURE MATERIALS 卷: 11 期: 6 页: 497-501 DOI: 10.1038/NMAT3294

出版年: JUN 2012

在 Web of Science 中的被引频次: 0

被引频次合计: 0

引用的参考文献数: 34

摘要: The interplay among charge, spin and lattice degrees of freedom in solids gives rise to intriguing macroscopic quantum phenomena such as colossal magnetoresistance, multiferroicity and high-temperature superconductivity(1-3). Strong coupling or competition between various orders in these systems presents the key to manipulate their functional properties by means of external perturbations such as electric and magnetic fields(2) or pressure(3). Ultrashort and intense optical pulses have emerged as an interesting tool to investigate elementary dynamics and control material properties by melting an existing order(4-6). Here, we employ few-cycle multi-terahertz pulses to resonantly probe the evolution of the spin-density-wave (SDW) gap of the pnictide compound BaFe<sub>2</sub>As<sub>2</sub> following excitation with a femtosecond optical pulse. When starting in the low-temperature ground state, optical excitation results in a melting of the SDW order, followed by ultrafast recovery. In contrast, the SDW gap is induced when we excite the normal state above the transition temperature. Very surprisingly, the transient ordering quasi-adiabatically follows a coherent lattice oscillation at a frequency as high as 5.5 THz. Our results attest to a pronounced spin-phonon coupling in pnictides that supports rapid development of a macroscopic order on small vibrational displacement even without breaking the symmetry of the crystal.

入藏号: WOS:000304320300014

语种: English

文献类型: Article

KeyWords Plus: HIGH-TEMPERATURE SUPERCONDUCTIVITY; IRON; SMFEASO1-XFX; ANISOTROPY; CUPRATE; PHONONS

地址: [Kim, K. W.; Pashkin, A.; Schaefer, H.; Beyer, M.; Porer, M.; Demsar, J.; Huber, R.; Leitenstorfer, A.] Univ Konstanz, Dept Phys, D-78457 Constance, Germany

[Kim, K. W.; Pashkin, A.; Schaefer, H.; Beyer, M.; Porer, M.; Demsar, J.; Huber, R.; Leitenstorfer, A.] Univ Konstanz, Ctr Appl Photon, D-78457 Constance, Germany

[Kim, K. W.; Bernhard, C.] Univ Fribourg, Dept Phys, CH-1700 Fribourg, Switzerland

[Kim, K. W.; Bernhard, C.] Fribourg Ctr Nanomat, CH-1700 Fribourg, Switzerland

[Kim, K. W.] Chungbuk Natl Univ, Dept Phys, Cheongju 361763, South Korea

[Porer, M.; Huber, R.] Univ Regensburg, Dept Phys, D-93053 Regensburg, Germany

[Wolf, T.] Karlsruhe Inst Technol, Inst Solid State Phys, D-76021 Karlsruhe, Germany

[Demsar, J.] Jozef Stefan Inst, Complex Matter Dept, SI-1000 Ljubljana, Slovenia

通讯作者地址: Kim, KW (通讯作者), Univ Konstanz, Dept Phys, D-78457 Constance, Germany

电子邮件地址: kyungwan.kim@gmail.com; rupert.huber@physik.uni-regensburg.de

出版商: NATURE PUBLISHING GROUP

出版商地址: MACMILLAN BUILDING, 4 CRINAN ST, LONDON N1 9XW, ENGLAND

Web of Science 分类: Chemistry, Physical; Materials Science, Multidisciplinary; Physics, Applied; Physics, Condensed Matter

学科类别: Chemistry; Materials Science; Physics

IDS 号: 946AO

ISSN: 1476-1122

29 字符的来源出版物名称缩写: NAT MATER

ISO 来源出版物缩写: Nat. Mater.

来源出版物页码计数: 5