## 301

Accession number:20123915464447

Title:Inverse scattering of dispersive stratified structures

Authors: Skaar, Johannes (1); Haakestad, Magnus W. (3)

Author affiliation:(1) Department of Electronics and Telecommunications, Norwegian University of Science and Technology, NO-7491 Trondheim, Norway; (2) University Graduate Center, NO-2027 Kjeller, Norway; (3) Norwegian Defence Research Establishment (FFI), P. O. Box 25, NO-2027 Kjeller, Norway

Corresponding author: Skaar, J. (johannes.skaar@ntnu.no)

Source title: Journal of the Optical Society of America B: Optical Physics

Abbreviated source title: J Opt Soc Am B

Volume:29

Issue:9

Issue date:September 1, 2012

Publication year:2012

Pages:2438-2445

Language:English

ISSN:07403224

CODEN: JOBPDE

Document type:Journal article (JA)

Publisher:Optical Society of America, 2010 Massachusetts Avenue NW, Washington, DC 20036-1023, United States

Abstract:We consider the inverse-scattering problem of retrieving the structural parameters of a stratified medium consisting of dispersive materials, given knowledge of the complex reflection coefficient in a finite frequency range. It is shown that the inverse-scattering problem does not have a unique solution in general. When the dispersion is sufficiently small, such that the time-domain Fresnel reflections have durations less than the round-trip time in the layers, the solution is unique and can be found by layer peeling. Numerical examples with dispersive and lossy media are given, demonstrating the usefulness of the method for, e.g., terahertz technology. © 2012 Optical Society of America.

Number of references:20

Main heading:Scattering

Controlled terms:Inverse problems - Time domain analysis

Uncontrolled terms:Complex reflection coefficient - Dispersive materials - Finite frequencies -Fresnel reflections - Inverse scattering - Inverse scattering problems - Layer peeling - Lossy media - Numerical example - Round-trip time - Stratified medium - Stratified structure - Structural parameter - Terahertz technology - Time domain

Classification code:711 Electromagnetic Waves - 921 Mathematics

DOI:10.1364/JOSAB.29.002438

Database:Compendex

Compilation and indexing terms, Copyright 2012 Elsevier Inc.